Documentation: Chicago/Turabian Style

What’s the Difference?
Turabian Style is the student version of Chicago Style.

Chicago Style is used by professionals in publications.

Turabian Style is often used by students writing research papers.

*Confirm with your professor whether they expect Turabian Style or full Chicago Style.*

Notes-Bibliography vs Author-Date

The Notes-Bibliography style is most often used in the humanities, such as literature or fine arts. It uses superscript and footnotes, like this¹ (see the bottom of the page). Footnotes do not require a hanging indent, but the entries in a bibliography do. The bibliography is usually found at the end of the document and is titled “Bibliography”. The entries in a bibliography are typically alphabetical.

The Author-Date style is most often used in the social sciences and is similar to other citation styles. Parenthetical citations appear at the end of the sentence and contain the author’s last name, year, and page number: (Smith 2022, 18). The references section is found at the end of the document and is titled “References” or “Literature Cited”. The references in this section must be alphabetical.

*Confirm with your professor whether they expect Notes-Bibliography or Author-Date.*

The following pages have a few examples of how to use Turabian/Chicago Style. If you need more help, check out the free online style guides.

Turabian: [https://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/turabian/citation-guide.html](https://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/turabian/citation-guide.html)

Chicago: [https://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/tools_citationguide.html](https://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/tools_citationguide.html)

¹ Smith, Anonymous. *This is a footnote.* (UHCL Writing Center, 2022), 1-2
Notes-Bibliography:

Book with Single Author

Footnote:

Bibliography entry:

Book with Two Authors


Journal Article


Citing the same source multiple times:
The first time citing a source in your text, use a full citation for the footnote.

If you cite the same source again, you can use a shortened version of the citation.

Examples:

*This DOES NOT apply to the bibliography. Only use shortened citations in the footnotes. A bibliography is an alphabetical list of full references – all the information must be included, and no repeats are allowed.*
Author-Date:

Book

(Grazer and Fishman 2015, 12)

Journal Article

(LaSalle 2017, 95)

Website

(Bouman 2016)

Information and selected examples obtained from:
