Teaching about the Future

PRESIDENT'S Speaker Series:

THE BIG QUESTIONS

Conversations to shape our collective future





Peter Bishop Sacramento CA 30 October 2030 Our ASPIRATION is that every student is prepared to navigate an uncertain world and has the agency to imagine and create their preferred future.

Our MISSION is to teach futures-thinking skills to students and educators around the world and to inspire them to influence their futures.



Today's Purpose



"My name is Harvey Milk...

And I am here to recruit you."

-- *Milk*, the movie, 2008

Enroll you

in the campaign

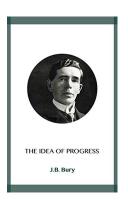
to accomplish

something of significance



The Invention of "the Future"

- Ancient techniques, Delphic Oracle
- Eschatology, End times
- Enlightenment (Industrial revolution)
 - Sebastien Mercier, L'Ann 2440 (1770)
 - Marquis de Condorcet, Sketch for a Historical Picture of the Progress of the Human Mind (1778)
 - Thomas Malthus, An Essay on the Principle of Population (1798)
- Science fiction Jules Verne (1865), H.G. Wells (1898)
- Trends William Ogburn (1933), H.G. Wells (1901)
- Theory (1950s)
 - Herman Kahn, RAND Corp
 - Fred Polak, Bertrand de Jouvenel, Gaston Berger





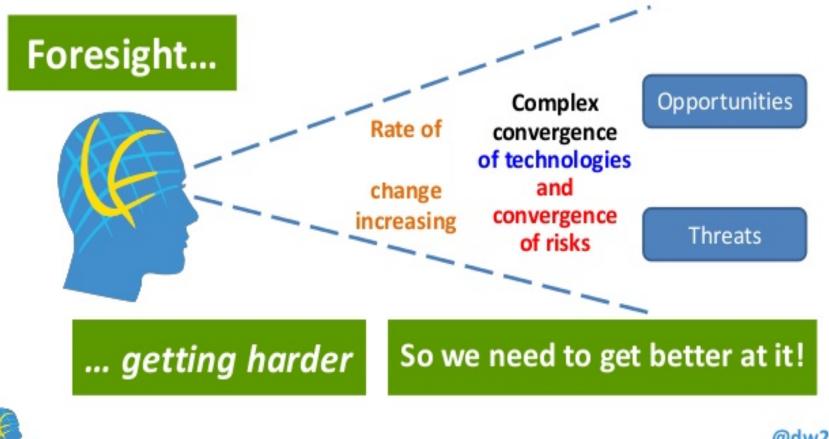
The Professionalization of the Future

- Forecasting from the Delphic Oracle to...
 - Trend extrapolation: William Ogburn, Recent Social Trends, 1933
 - Econometrics: Lawrence Klein, Wharton
 Econometric Model, 1969
- Planning from L'Enfant, Wash DC to...
 - Budget planning: Programming, Planning,
 Budgeting Systems (PPBS), 1961
 - Urban planning: American Planning Assoc, 1978
 - Strategic planning: Michael Porter, Competitive
 Strategy, 1980



The Changing Conditions of Change

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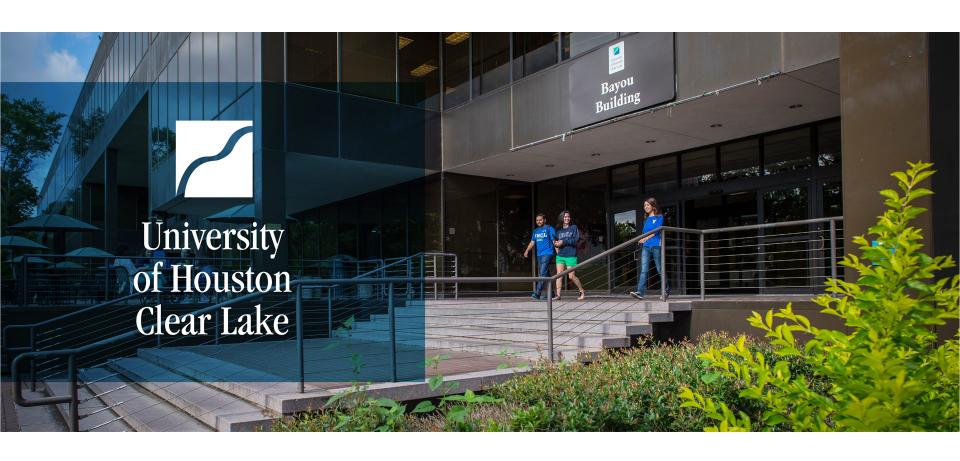




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M.S. Studies of the Future, 1975



Alfred Neumann, Chancellor Cal Cannon, Dean, HSH

Jib Fowles, Human Sciences Chris Dede, Education

We teach the future as well as the past.



The Field of Futures Studies

- **Founders** (1950-1975)
 - Europe: Robert Jungk, Fred Polak, Bertrand de Jouvenel, Gaston Berger
 - North America: Herman Kahn, Rachel Carson, Marshall McLuhan, Paul Ehrlich,
 Alvin Toffler, Donella Meadows, et. al.
- **Education**: Jim Dator (VA Tech), Wendell Bell (Yale), Hawaii Res Center for Futures Studies (1971), M.S. UHCL Studies of the Future (1975), now between 6 and 10 grad programs world-wide, more than a dozen seminars
- Organizations World Future Society (1967-2014), World Futures Studies Federation (1971), Millennium Project (1995), Assoc of Prof Futurists (2002)
- **Journals** Futures (Elsevier), Technological Forecasting and Social Change (Elsevier), Foresight (Emerald), World Futures Review (Sage), On the Horizon (Emerald), Journal of Futures Studies (Tamkang Univ.)
- Consultancies RAND, Institute for the Future, Futuribles (France),
 Futures Company (UK), Copenhagen Institute for Futures Studies, Future
 Management Group (Germany)



How are students learning about the future today?





The Predictable Future

Science Class



The future as a **river** or a **road** or even a **roller coaster**, following one path and leading to a specific point









African Americans faced discrimination

when trying to vote.

Few African

Americans in South

registered to vote:

for example, only 5% in Mississippi

The Civil Rights

Movement:

violence towards peaceful activists

The Inevitable Future

History

Voting Rights

Act of 1965

most effective Civil

in U.S. history

Racial minorities

and women

could not be

discriminated

against in voting

African American voter registration increased sharply

Poll taxes,

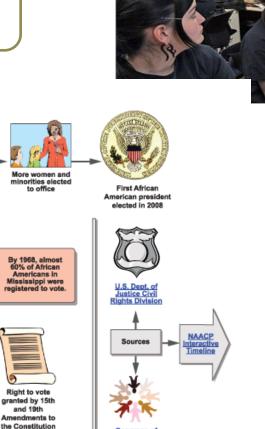
literacy tests, and other forms

were eliminated

Right to vote

and 19th

was protected



The future as a

sequence

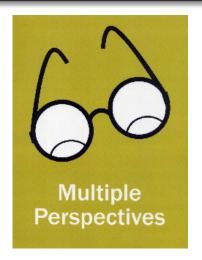
of unchanging causes and effects

We teach the future as well as the past.



The Contingent Future

Anthropology
Sociology
Economics
Political Science



The future as a foggy road,

largely unknowable and unpredictable.







We teach the future as well as the past.



The Random Future

Statistics Class



The future as a game of chance,

completely unknowable and unpredictable.







The Chosen Future



The future as a **plan** or a **blueprint**, the result of our own choices and efforts



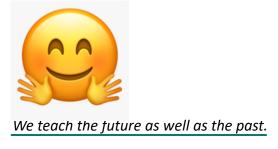


Confused?

- Is the future predictable and inevitable or unpredictable or even random?
- Is the future determined or chosen?
- Is the future understandable?
- Is the future open to our influence?



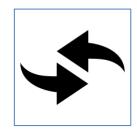
Guess what? It's All of them!





Futures in Three Units

Change in general





Change from the world

Change we create <u>ourselves</u>





1. Change in General





Sociology & Social Change

Tables of content from Amazon.com's 10 highest ranked sociology textbooks (except McGraw-Hill)

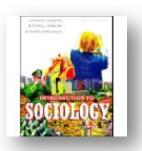
Median of 16 sections per book (16 weeks in a semester)

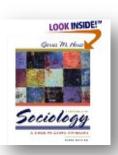
- Usually just one chapter
- Only 9% of pages
- And always the last chapter









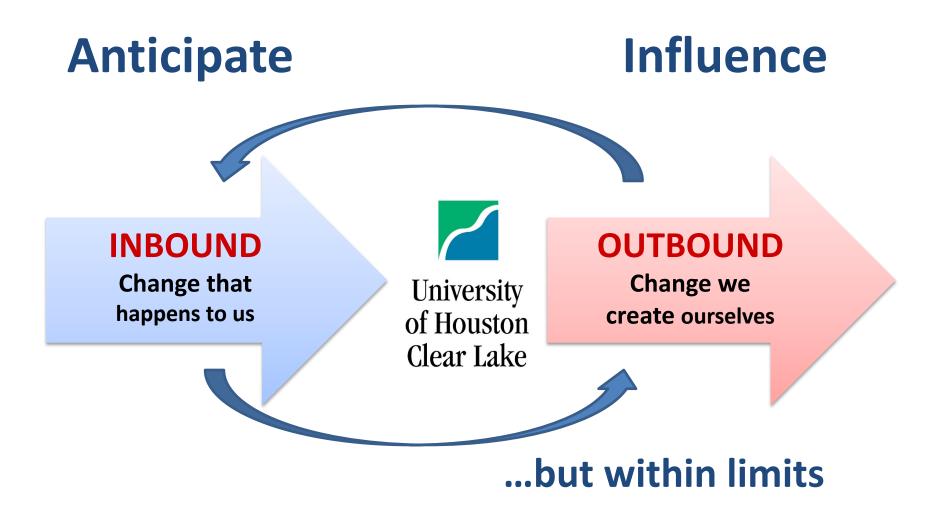


No social change textbook in print for years

We teach the future as well as the past.



Sources of Change

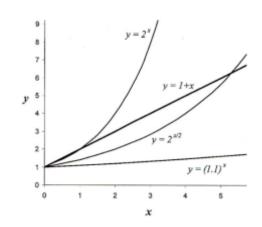


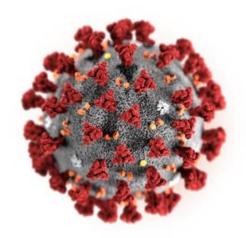


Rates of Change

Continuous Change

- Gradual improvement over long periods
- Usually preserves the framework/context





Discontinuous Change

- Sudden change to new levels
- Usually destroys the famework
- Always involves short-term loss



Disruptions since the '70s

Disruptions



Industry

- Airlines
- Automobiles
- Telephones
- Television
- Health care
- Retail
- Newspapers
- Military
- Elections
- Schools?

Life

- Civic participation
- Communication
- Crime
- Entertainment
- Family
- Learning
- Recreation
- Relationships
- Sports
- Work

- □ PC
- Soviet collapse

Energy crisis

- First Gulf War
- World Wide Web
- Y2K, Tech Bubble
- **9**-11
- Invasion of Iraq
- Great Recession
- ISIS
- Recent US election



Disruptions after 2020?

Industry Life **Disruptions** • • ** • ** • * • * •



How do Astronauts Prepare for Disruption?





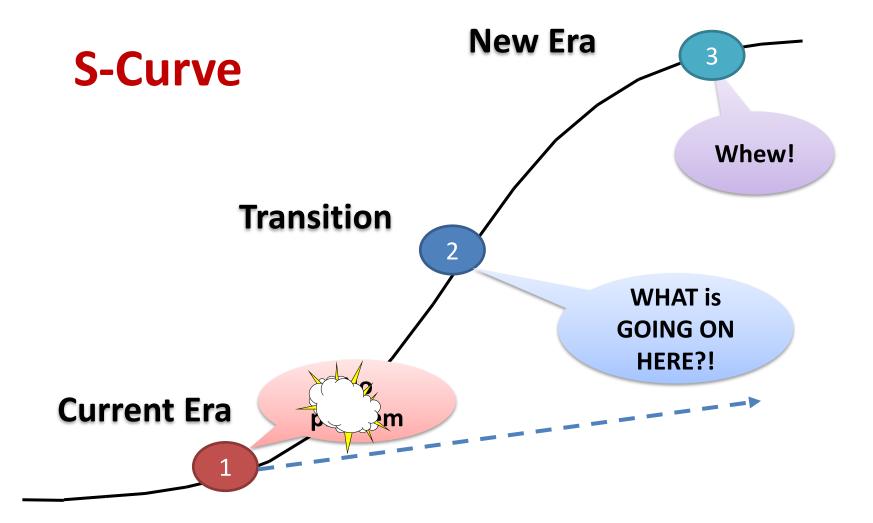




We teach the future as well as the past.

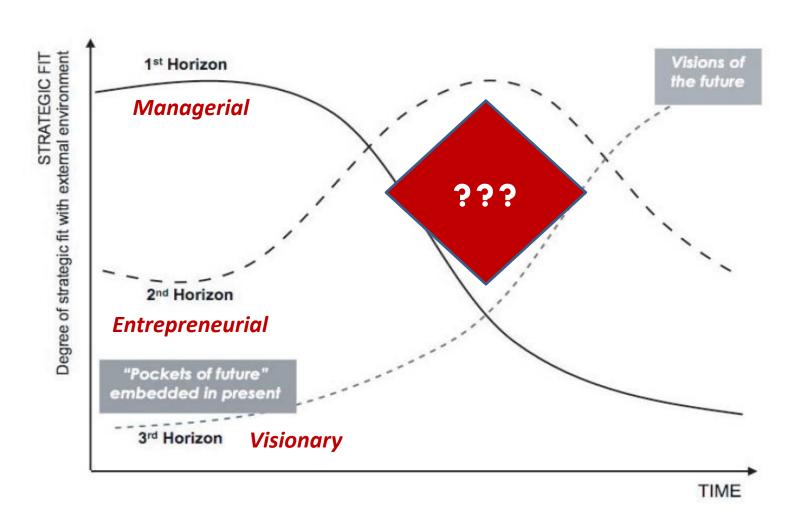


Process of Disruptive Change





Three Horizons

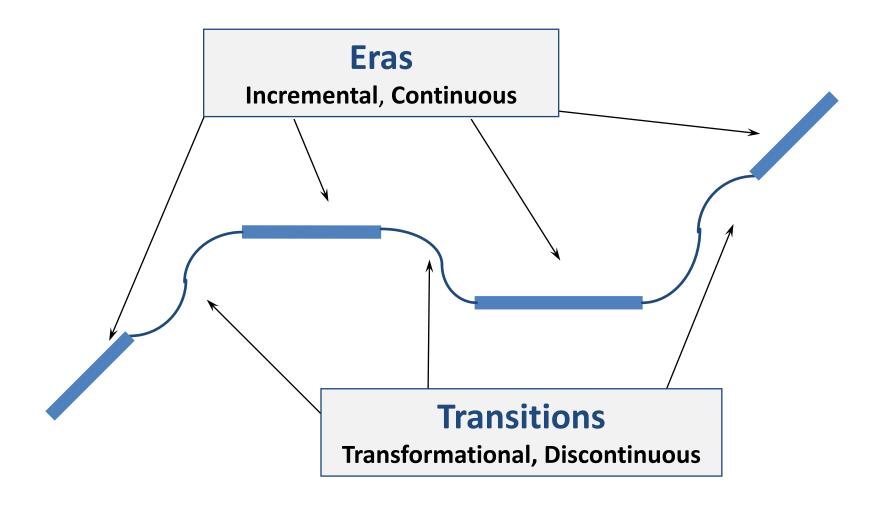


Source: Curry & Hodgson, Journal of Futures Studies, 13(1): 1 - 20

We teach the future as well as the past.



Punctuated Equilibrium



Eldredge, N., and S. J. Gould. 1972. Punctuated equilibria: an alternative to phyletic gradualism, pp. 82-155. *In* T. J. Schopf (ed.), *Models in Paleobiology*. Freeman, Cooper and Co., San Francisco.



Change and Stability



Nothing changes everything

We teach the future as well as the past.



2. Change from the World





The Future Is Many, Not One

Is the future predictable or not?

It's both!



The Expected Future

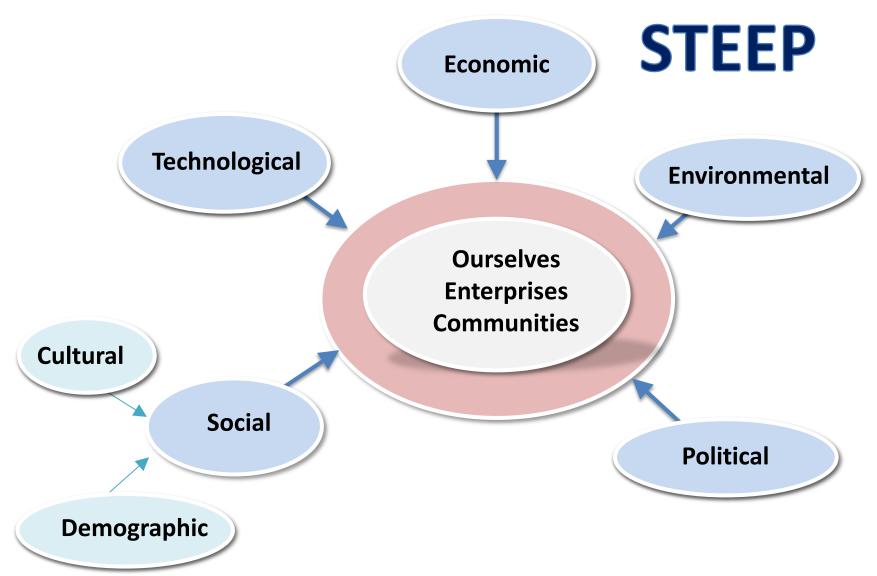
- Where we are headed
- The future if everything continues as it has
- The result of conditions and trends (momentum)

The Alternative Futures

- What might happen instead
- The set of plausible futures if something less likely or unexpected happens
- The result of events and issues (contingencies)



Sources of Change from the World



We teach the future as well as the past.



A System of Sources

People

• Number, place, sex, age, ethnic

Use Technology

 Farming, energy, construction, manufacturing, transportation, information, military, biology

To transform Resources

Water, food, materials, energy

Into **Economic** goods

Global, national, industrial, occupational, organizational

And Waste products

Air, water, solid, hazardous

Under **Government** regulation

• International, financial, social, infrastructure

In a Cultural context

• Traditions, beliefs, values, socialization

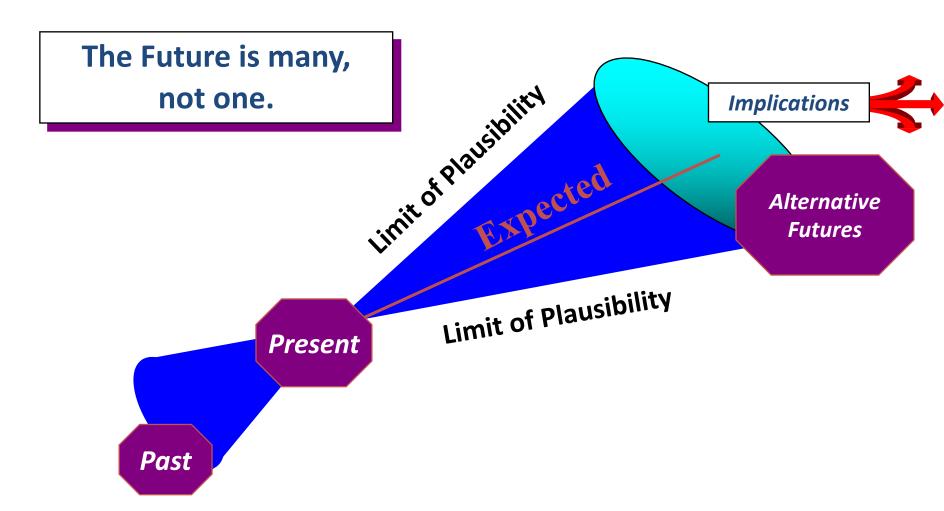


Two Ways of Thinking

<u>Futures</u>	Forces	Thinking	<u>Techniques</u>
Expected (baseline)	Trends Plans	Logical Scientific	Historical analogy Extrapolation
Plausible (alternative)	Discontinuities Surprises	Speculative Imaginative	Scenarios Simulation



The Cone of Plausibility



Source: Charles Taylor, Army War College



Role of Assumptions

Good news

Assumptions resolve uncertainty by assuming it does not exist



Bad news

Resolving uncertainty may not be the right thing to do



We teach the future as well as the past.



Making the Call

Assumptions resolve uncertainty...
....but resolving uncertainty
may not be the right thing to do.

So resolve as much uncertainty as you can, but no more.



Katrina

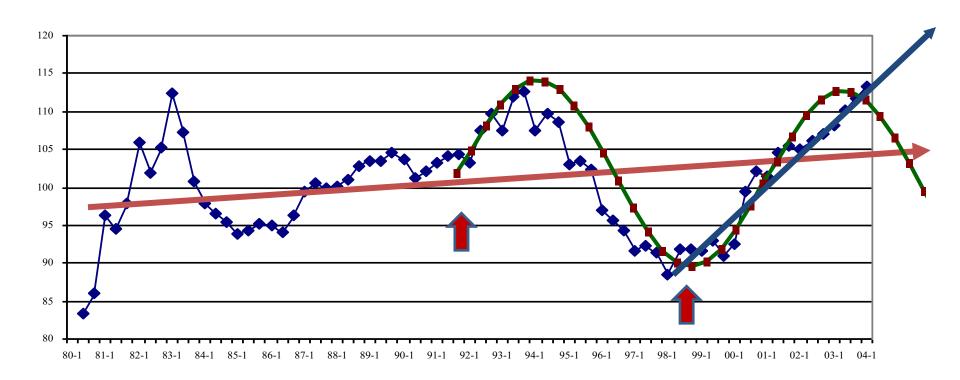
Rita





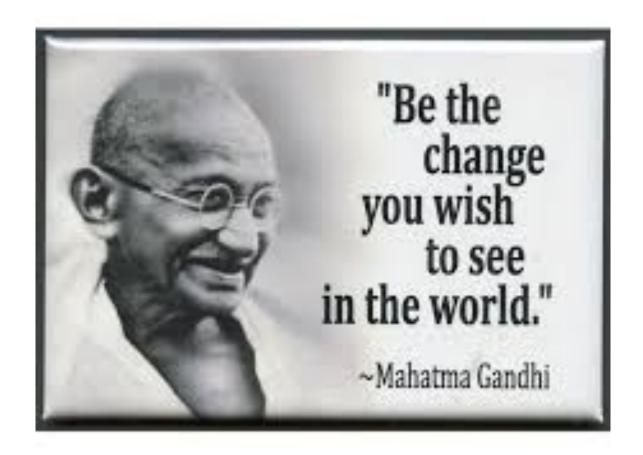
Assumptions in Trend Extrapolation

Business School Enrollment, UH-Clear Lake Deseasonalized





3. Change from Ourselves





The Future Is Many, Not One

Is the future determined or chosen?

It's both!



The Expected Future

The Alternative Futures

The Preferred Future(s)

- What we want to happen
- Either the expected or any of the alternative futures that is preferable
- The result of our vision, goals, plans and actions (agency)

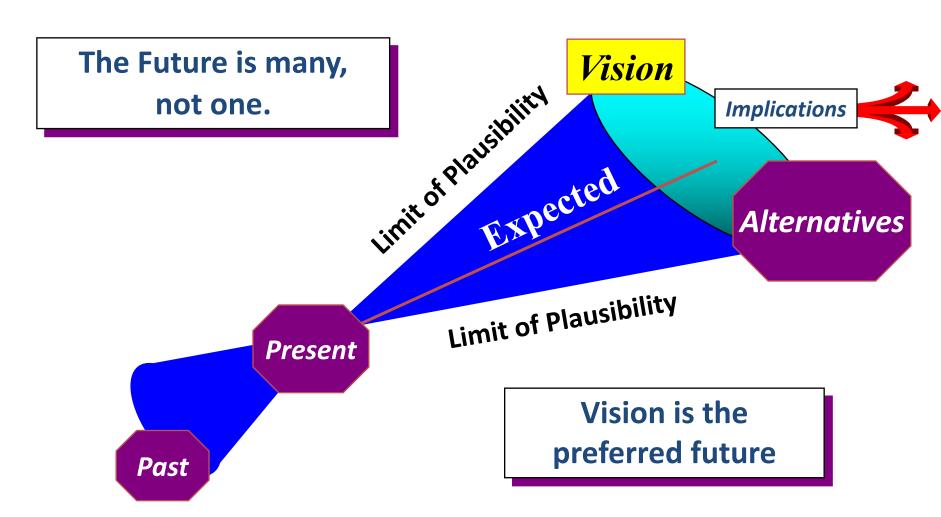


Three Ways of Thinking

<u>Future</u>	es Forces	Thinkin	g Techniques
Expected (baseline)	Constants Trends	Definite Scientific	Historical analogy Extrapolation
Plausible (alternative)	Discontinuities	Speculative	Scenarios
	Surprises	Imaginative	Simulation
Preferable (visionary)	Choices	Aspirational	Visioning
	Images	Empowered	Planning



The Cone of Plausibility



Source: Charles Taylor, Army War College



Ingredients of Outbound Change

Leadership



Planning



Vision, Goals



Action





Authorities decide

Make binding decisions

Leaders are NOT always authorities





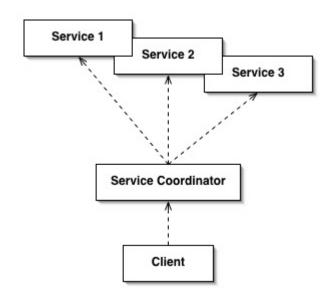


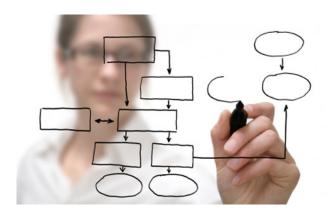




Managers coordinate

- Known conditions
- Existing assumptions
- Stability seeking
- Rules-oriented
- Routine decisions
- Incremental change





We teach the future as well as the past.



Leaders transform



- Unknown conditions
- Novel assumptions
- Change seeking
- Vision-oriented
- Creative decisions
- Transformational change



Leader



My name is Harvey Milk... And I am here to recruit you.

Someone who enrolls others in the campaign to accomplish

something of significance



"Where there is no vision, the people perish."

- Jesus "...the kingdom of heaven"



- Marx
- "...from each according to his ability; to each according to his need"
- Jefferson "...life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness"
- Kennedy "...land a man on the moon safely before the end of the decade "
- King "...I have a dream"





More Visions

- Cray: "Go fast computers"
- Republican Party: "Contract with America"
- Disney: "Using our imagination to delight millions"
- Ikea: "Our vision is to create a better everyday life for many people."
- Nike: "Bring inspiration and innovation to every athlete in the world"

- McDonalds: "To be the best quick service restaurant experience...so that we make every customer in every restaurant smile."
- Patagonia: "Build the best product, cause no unnecessary harm, use business to inspire and implement solutions to the environmental crisis."
- Oxfam: "A world without poverty"





to navigate
an uncertain world
with the agency
to imagine and create
their preferred future.







We teach the future as well as the past.

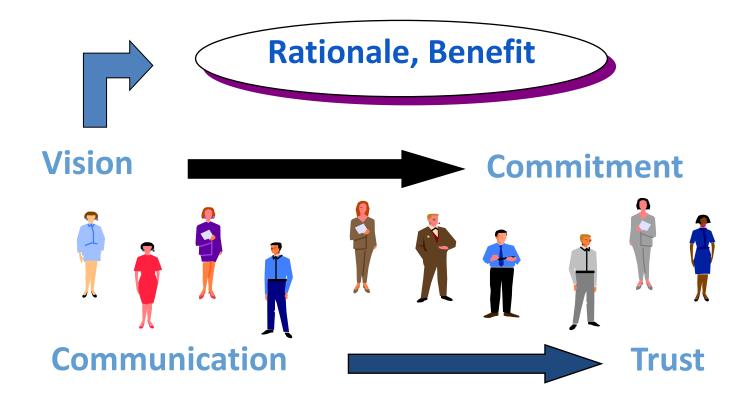






Guidelines for Change

LEADER, CHAMPION





Library of Teaching Materials



Library | Cart | Checkout | My Account | Blog

Keywords:	

Types:

- ☐ Activity ☐ Course
- Lesson
- C LC33011
- Lesson Set
- Unit

Levels:

- Elementary
- Secondary
- College

Subjects:

- Advisory
- Arts, Design
- English / Language

Arts

- ☐ Foresight
- History
- Mathematics

A Framework for Brainstorming Products



Brainstorming artifacts from the future is meant to be both imaginative and useful. To help students thoughtfully consider what objects might fill in their future scenarios, teachers can use this structured framework for brainstorming product ideas. ...

Type: Activity

Level: College, Secondary

Subject: Arts, Design

An Educator's Guide: Realistic and creative tools for thinking about the future

How far do we see our responses to the future being in our own hands or in the hands of others? Students' beliefs about the future often dictate their actions, mindsets, and sense of agency in the world. This activity allows educators and students to explore how they see the future, why they see it that way, and what it might be like to adopt a ...

Type: Activity

Level: College, Secondary

Subject: All

Big History Project: The Future



The Big History Project is not your average History course: it begins 13.7 billion years ago and ends in the future. Designed by scholars and educational experts, this free course takes a multi-disciplinary approach and highlights the enormous amount ...

Type: Course, Lesson

Level: Secondary

Subject: History, Science, Social Studies

https://library.teachthefuture.org

We teach the future as well as the past.



Middle School



High School

Video -- https://brandwein.org/shaping-our-future/

SHAPING SEUTURE

FACILITATOR'S GUIDEBOOK

Book --<u>https://library.teachthefuture.org/product/shaping-</u>our-future-facilitators-guidebook/

by Sandra Burchsted & Jack Byrne



UHCL '98

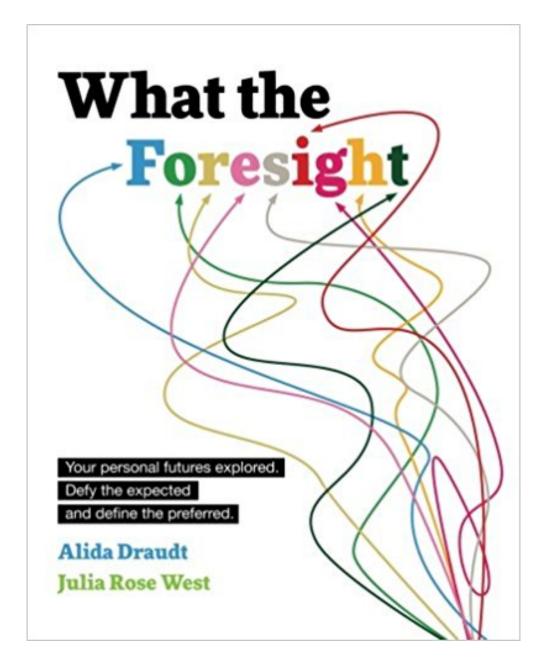




UHCL '98

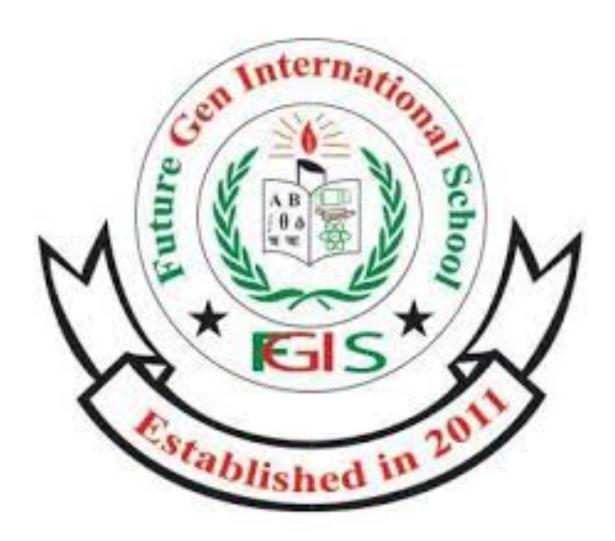


Tools for Personal Futures





Teacher Development





Futures Skills

Futures Thinking Playbook Shaping Our Future

21st century skills

- Build a team
- Select a topic
- Gather information
- Identify the Expected future
- Challenge assumptions
- Develop Alternative futures
- Write scenarios
- Present scenarios
- Reflect on the process

- Collaboration
- Decision-making
- Research
- Cause-effect reasoning
- Critical thinking
 - Contingency thinking
- Creativity
- Communication
- Evaluation



Simple Foresight Questions

What is happening today? – **Present**

What happened to make it that way? – Past

What do you expect to happen? – Expected future

What might happen instead? – Alternative futures

What do we want to happen? - Preferred future(s)

What are we going to do about it? -- Plans



Inbound -- Anticipation

To understand and prepare for change coming at us

Like forecasting, except that it...

- 1. is longer-term,
- 2. deals with change in the **whole system**, not just one industry or issue,
- recognizes that uncertainty is dominant (and even more so today), and so
- 4. describes the future using multiple, plausible scenarios rather than single, most likely predictions.

 We teach the future



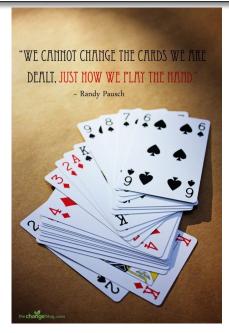


Outbound -- Influence

To act to increase the chances of a more preferable future

Like strategic planning, except that it...

is also long-term ("No great thing is created suddenly." – Epictetus),



- 2. is more ambitious, **visionary**, transformational,
- 3. recognizes that **complexity** is more common than mechanical cause-effect outcomes ("All we have to do is..."),
- 4. is more circumspect about what we think what the **implications** will be, and so
- 5. is more cautious and prudent in decisions and actions.



You could teach this!

- History flow, change over time, time series, patterns, uncertainties, contingencies, alternative histories, historical images of the future, historical analogy
- **Literature**, language future tense, subjunctive mood, science fiction, the questions for fictional conditions and characters
- Mathematics time series, extrapolation, probability, preference ranking, criteria weighting
- Physical science time series, extrapolation, technological applications, social consequences, public issues
- Social science social change, trends, plans, time series, cultural concepts of time, national and global awareness



Skills of Futures Literacy

- Be aware of the changes going on today. Look out the window.
- Accept that those changes are headed somewhere and identify the implications for you and your enterprise.
- But challenge the assumption that those changes inevitably lead there.
- Think contingently, Embrace uncertainty.
- Be **optimistic**, We can **influence** the future.
- Set a **vision** and pursue that vision relentlessly throughout life. Build a **legacy**.
- Enroll others in the vision, Plan and Act together.



We teach the future as well as the past.

Prepare students for tomorrow.

Teach the Future today.

www.TeachTheFuture.org

peter@teachthefuture.org

@teachfutures, #teachfutures